While complete figures for tax-exempt properties are not available for each province, it will be noted from the information given that these have assumed relatively high proportions. Most provinces have shown consistent increases in taxable assessed valuations which may be attributed largely to the stimulus to business and industry in general, arising from the War and the buoyancy of the economy in succeeding years.

Subsection 2.—Municipal Taxation

Table 45 shows, by provinces, the taxes levied by municipalities in 1945, 1946, 1947 and 1948, and the total taxes outstanding at the end of those years. While these figures are as nearly comparable as may be obtained from existing published reports, they nevertheless reflect some inconsistencies due particularly to interprovincial variations in the division of responsibility for tax administration between municipalities and school authorities. In some instances school taxes are not included in the municipal levies. In Prince Edward Island, two only of the eight incorporated municipalities have their own individual school districts and levy and collect the school taxes. In Quebec, while school taxes, with few exceptions, are levied and collected by the school corporations which function independently of municipal authorities, they are, nevertheless, included in this tabulation for purposes of greater interprovincial comparability. It will, therefore, be apparent from the foregoing that the figures in Table 45, except in the case of Quebec, represent only the amount of tax levies, collections and arrears of the municipalities, and include school taxes only to the extent that such are also levied and collected by the municipalities for and on behalf of local school authorities. Taxes for schools outside incorporated municipal organizations are not included.

45.—Municipal Taxation, by Provinces, 1945-48

Note.—See text above for limitations on comparability of statistics in this table.

Province and Year	Tax Levy	Tax Collections, Current and Arrears		Current	Property Acquired for Taxes	Total Taxes Receivable and Property Acquired for Taxes	
		Total	P.C. of Levy	and Arrears	for Taxes	Total	P.C of Levy
	\$	8		\$		\$	
P. E. Island— ¹ 1945	377,487 393,791	379,576 403,666 456,380 472,589	100 · 6 102 · 5 102 · 4 100 · 0	146, 975 132, 449 232, 808 222, 960		146,975 132,449 232,808 222,960	38-9 33-6 52-5 47-2
Nova Scotia— 1945	10,705,668 12,054,778	10,216,800 10,635,395 11,437,476 12,342,248	101·7 99·3 94·9 97·1	3,386,493 3,227,837 3,713,902 3,806,377	232,897 204,500 198,637 195,841	3,619,390 3,432,337 3,912,539 4,002,218	36·0 32·1 32·5 31·5
New Brunswick— 1945. 1946. 1947. 1948.	6,708,855 ² 7,350,407 ² 8,023,491 ² 9,141,136 ²	7,350,087 ² 7,673,308 ²	99·3 95·6	3,375,399 3,040,178 2,704,833 2,792,139	93,674 88,474	3,375,399 3,040,178 2,798,507 2,880,613	50·3 41·4 34·9 31·5
Quebec — 1945 1946		**		17,875,172	12,836,487	30,711,659	37.9
1947							
1948					1	I	ı

For footnotes, see end of table.